

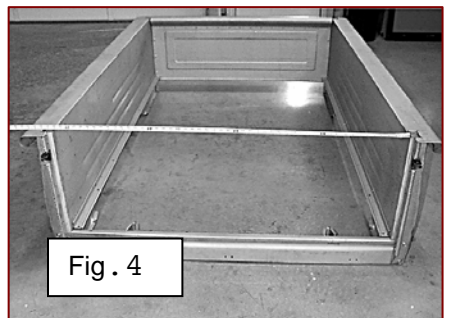
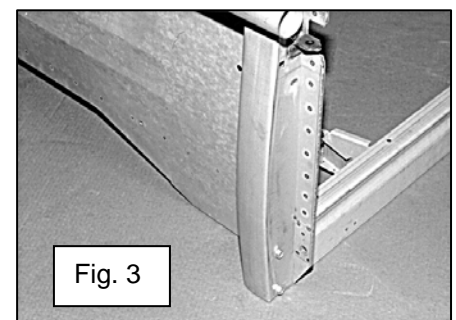
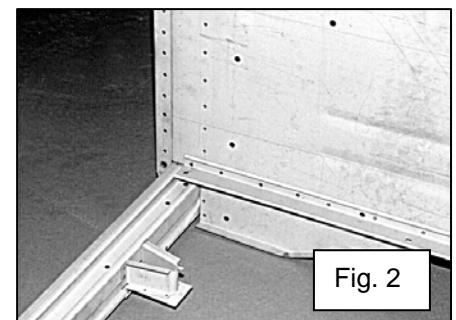
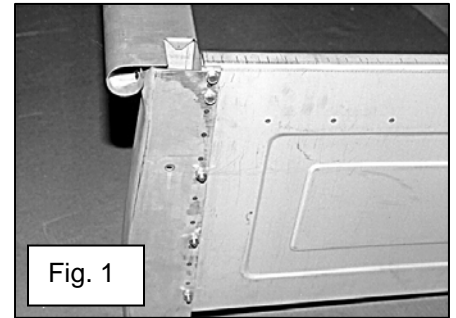
MAR-K

RESTORATION AND CUSTOM PICKUP PARTS

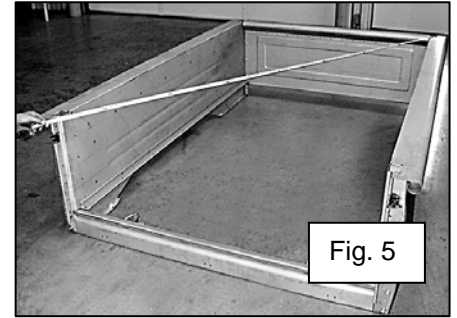
BED PARTS ASSEMBLY GUIDE 55-58 GM CAMEO/SUBURBAN

If you have not yet disassembled your original bed, make notes or sketches and take pictures of part locations to aid in the assembly procedure. Use the following steps to assemble the entire bed to test fit all parts.

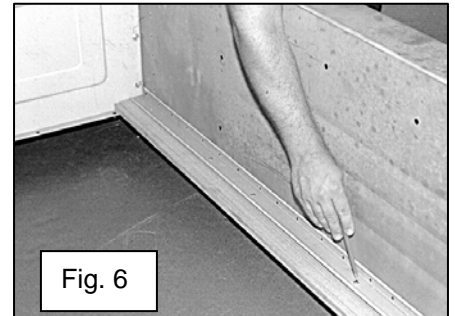
1. Begin with one bed side and the front bed panel. Bolt these together using (5) 5/16"-18 x 3/4" indented hex head screws, (3) lock washers, and (3) nuts. (Two of these bolts thread into a plate welded into the curl area of the front bed panel.) See figure 1.
2. Bolt the front bed panel to the other bed side with (5) 5/16"-18 x 3/4" indented hex head screws, (3) lock washers, and (3) nuts.
3. Fit the rear cross sill inside the lower portion of the bed side rear stake pockets with the open side of the rear cross sill facing downward. The large mounting brackets should be facing toward the front bed panel. See figure 2.
4. Using (10) 5/16"-18 x 3/4" indented hex washer head bolts, nuts, and lock washers, bolt the rear cross sill to the stake pockets. See figure 3.
5. Once these four pieces of the bed are assembled, you will need to make sure your bed is square. Measure the bed width at the top and bottom of bed sides to ensure that the bed sides are straight up and down and are **50"** apart. See figure 4. Tighten rear cross sill bolts.
6. Also measure crosswise from the front of the bed to opposite rear of the bed on both sides. See figure 5. These measurements should be within 1/16" of each other to ensure bed squareness. Now tighten all bolts.



7. Place the assembly on supports horizontally to gain access to both the top and bottom of the floor area. This can also be achieved by standing the bed assembly vertical. Place a blanket or other suitable protection on the floor and stand the bed assembly on the front bed panel.

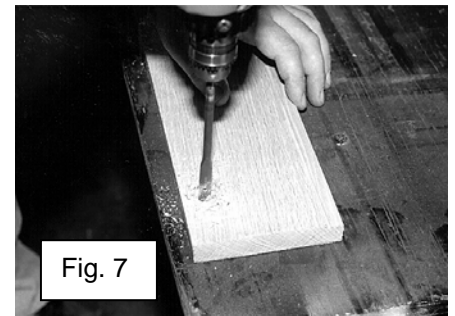


8. Place the wood boards that have only one bed strip groove (referred to as "edge boards") under the angle strips on the bed sides. See figure 6. The non-grooved edge should be toward the bed side. Leave approximately a 1/16" gap between the bed sides and the boards.

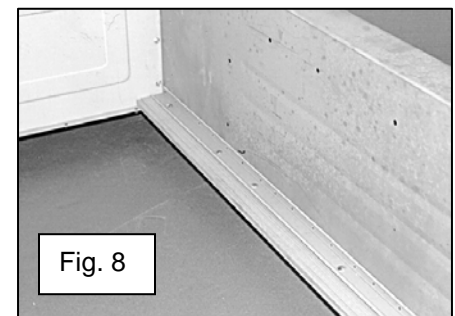


9. Mark all holes to be drilled into the wood boards through the angle strip holes. See figure 6.

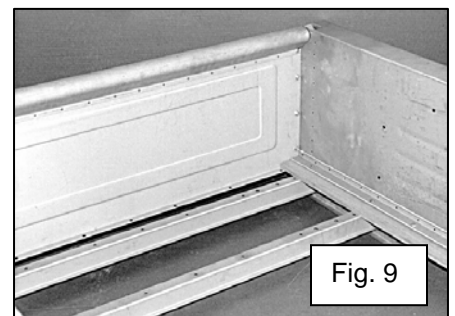
10. Remove these two boards and drill all holes marked using a 3/8" wood bit. Be careful not to splinter the other side of the board when drilling. Placing a wood block behind the board where drilling will help prevent this. See figure 7.



11. Install the edge boards underneath the angle strips as in step #8. Place 5/16"-18 x 1-1/2" carriage bolts through the angle strips and through the boards. See figure 8. Leave off the lock washers and nuts for now.



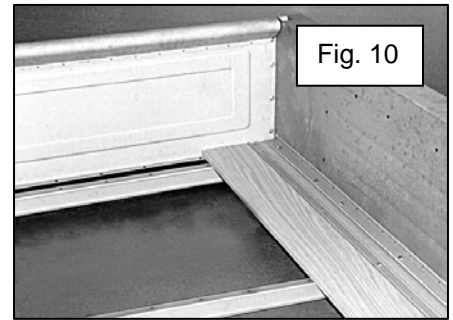
12. Attach the cross sills to the 5/16" angle strip bolts approximately **2-1/2"**, **26-3/4"** and **53-3/4"** from the front bed panel. Install the lock washer and nut hand tight. The cross sills should be installed so that when the bed is installed on the frame the cross sills should be open toward the ground. See figure 9.



13. Place the next board into position on both left and right hand sides leaving approximately a 1/2" gap between the boards.

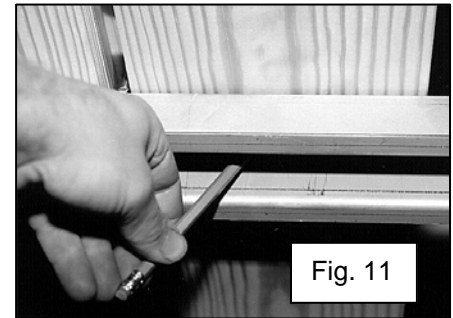
14. Install a bed strip between these boards. The front of the bed strip is the end with two holes closest together. The second, fourth, and sixth bed strip holes from the front should line up with the cross sill holes. *If using MAR-K's custom bed strips with hidden fasteners, follow the instructions supplied with the bed strips for correct installation.*

15. Loosely install the 1/4"-20 x 1-1/4" carriage bolts, lock washers, and nuts into the strips, cross sills, front bed panel, and the rear cross sill. See figure 10.

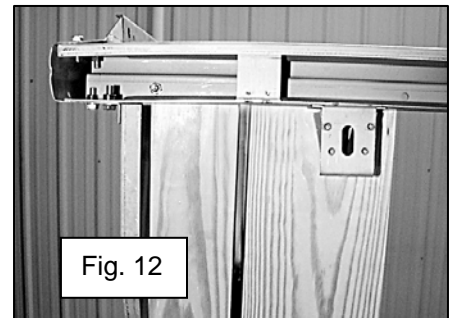


Note: The next step is to drill and countersink the locations for the bed-to-frame bolts and offset washers that sit on the top of the wood surface. If wood was purchased with the frame holes predrilled, skip to step #25. If wood was purchased without holes, the following steps will direct you through this process.

16. The three cross sills are the locations for the bed-to-frame mounting bolts. Mark the locations on the bottom of the wood boards through the 1/2" diameter holes that are **31-3/4"** apart from center of hole to center of hole. See figure 11.

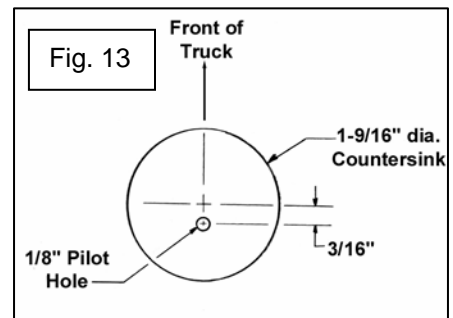


17. The last bed-to-frame bolt location near the tailgate does not pass through a cross sill. There are two brackets attached to the rear cross sill. These large brackets should fit against the bottom of the wood boards. See figure 12.



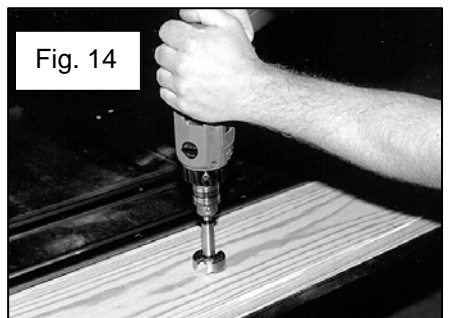
18. Mark the bottom of the wood boards through the big brackets. The spacing of the bracket holes in reference to each other should be **31-3/4"** apart from center of the hole to the center of the other hole. These marks should be **74-3/8"** from the front of the wood. See figure 12.

19. Make reference as to which end of each board is at the front of the bed. Remove the bed strips and these two inner boards. The bottom side of these boards should now have 1/2" diameter holes marked on them. Drill a 1/8" diameter pilot hole through the center of these marks completely through the boards.



20. On the top surface of the boards, measure toward the front of each board 3/16" from each pilot hole and mark the boards for the countersink. See figure 13.

21. Using a 1-9/16" diameter Forstner bit, a drill press if available, or a hand drill, countersink each location approximately 1/8" to 5/32" deep. See figure 14.



22. From the top surface, drill through the 1/8" pilot holes with a 1/2" drill bit to complete the bed-to-frame holes. See figure 15.

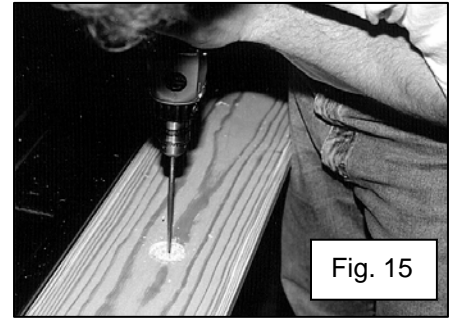


Fig. 15

23. Reinstall these two inner boards and strips. Make sure that the bed-to-frame spacing measurements are the same as listed in steps #16, and #18.

24. Where there is not a cross sill attached to the angle strip bolts, install a 1-1/2" outside diameter flat washer with a 5/16" diameter hole on the bottom of the wood surface before installing lock washer and nut hand tight. See figure 16.

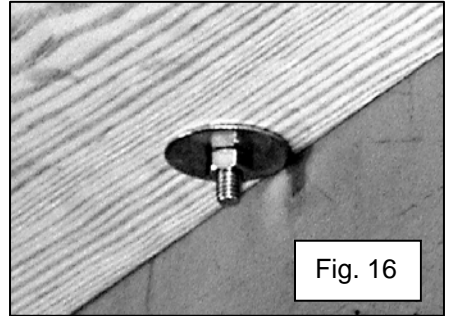


Fig. 16

25. Where there is not a cross sill under the bed strip bolts, install a 1-1/2" outside diameter washer with a 1/4" diameter hole before installing lock washer and nut. See figure 17.

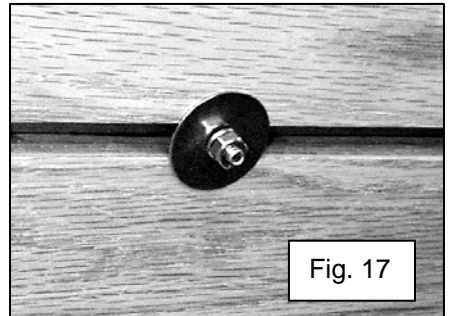


Fig. 17

26. Continue installing boards and strips from both sides working toward the center. Remember not to tighten down any bolts completely to leave room for adjustment of boards and or strips from side to side.

27. After the spacing between the bed strips and wood boards has been adjusted, tighten all bed strip and angle strip bolts. Be careful not to over tighten the carriage bolts or damage to bed strips or broken bolts may result.

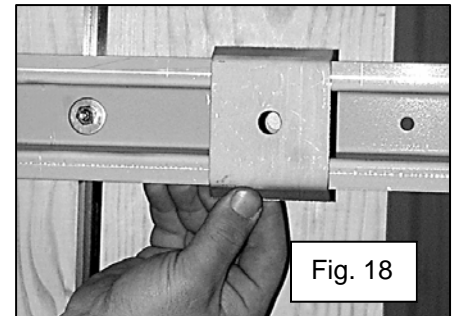
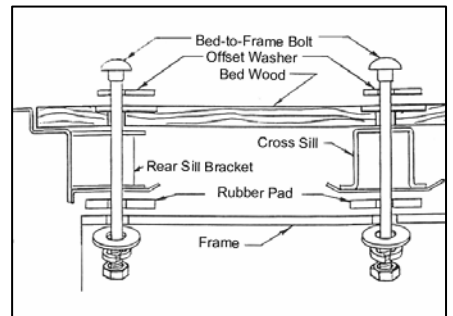


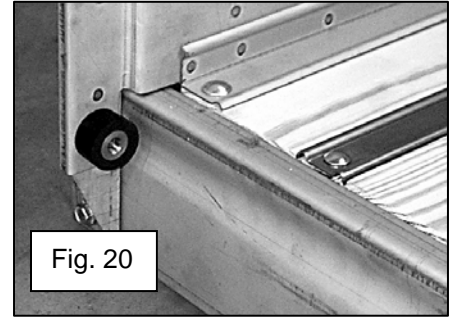
Fig. 18

28. The original cross sills have the cross sill brackets welded in place. If yours are not, protect wood boards from welding burns and weld the brackets in place directly under the bed-to-frame holes in the cross sills and wood. See figure 18.

29. To install the bed assembly to the frame, there should be a rubber pad between each cross sill bracket and frame mounting location. Align the bed holes to the frame holes. In the front two holes on each side, install the 3/8"-16 x 4" carriage bolts with the offset washer through the wood boards, cross sills/brackets, rubber pads, and the frame. Secure with the 3/8" flat washers, lock washers, and nuts. The rear two bolts on each side are 8-1/2" long and go completely through the frame. This is done because of the spare tire carrier between the frame rails.



30. Attach one hinge trunnion onto the bedside rear stake pocket. See figure 20. Install second hinge trunnion into opposite tailgate end pivot area. Mount tailgate on first trunnion and line up second trunnion to bedside hole in other stake pocket. Install mounting bolt into trunnion.



31. Install tailgate reel assemblies, cables, guides, strikers, and retainers onto both bed sides and tailgate ends. Check to see that the tailgate operates smoothly without binding and latches properly. Make adjustments as necessary.

32. You have assembled the entire bed. Check all parts for correct fit and alignment. Be sure the bolts are in place and that all dimensions are correct. Now remove the bed from the frame and disassemble the parts to prepare for painting.

FINAL ASSEMBLY

After the parts are painted, the bed is assembled by the same procedure. By taking the time to assemble and test fit the bed before painting, you have reduced the chances for errors or problems.

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FACTS ABOUT OUR PARTS

Stainless Steel: Bed strips, angle strips, and stainless mouldings are made of type 430 or 434 bright stainless steel, selected because of its color. It is a magnetic grade of stainless formulated for automotive stainless steel trim. When it is polished and buffed, its bright color looks similar to chrome plating. Stainless hardware items such as bolts, nuts, tailgate chain parts, and bed-to-frame washers are made of nonmagnetic stainless selected for superior resistance to rust and corrosion.

Care of Stainless / Rusting: With proper care, stainless steel will remain bright and smooth for long periods of time. It may be cleaned with liquid polish intended for stainless or chrome. DO NOT use steel wool, a steel wire brush, or a buffing wheel which has been used on steel or other metals. Bright stainless parts should be coated with a good nonabrasive wax for maximum protection. Stainless steel will rust or corrode under certain conditions, especially when contaminants such as salt water, battery acid, or steel particles and moisture are present. Frequent washing and waxing are a great protection against damage to stainless steel surfaces.

Electro-galvanized Steel: Many of the sheet metal parts MAR-K manufactures are made of electro-galvanized steel. This means the metal is electroplated with a thin layer of zinc by the steel manufacturer. There are several reasons for selecting this steel for our product.

1. Electro-galvanized steel is clean and dry.
2. The zinc protects our parts from rusting during our processing and while on the shelf.
3. After the parts are painted, the zinc under the paint helps prevent loss of paint adhesion or rusting if the paint surface is scratched or damaged.

Preparing Parts for Painting: The objectives of painting a part are to protect the metal and to provide a beautiful colored surface. No matter how beautiful the paint, if it doesn't stick to the surface, it will not be satisfactory. Excellent paint adhesion to a metal surface depends mainly on two things, the quality and characteristics of the primer used, and how well the surface is cleaned and prepared for painting. Prepare the surface as follows to help the paint have the best adhesion possible.

Steps for Excellent Paint Adhesion on MAR-K parts

The following steps are a general guideline to obtain excellent paint adhesion to your new parts

1. Select the primer product with the best adhesion properties within the paint system you are using. Products such as PPG "DPLF Epoxy Primer", Sherwin Williams G.B.P. Etching Filler or Etching Primer, and DuPont Variprime 615S/625S Self-Etching Primer will provide excellent adhesion to MAR-K metal parts that have been properly prepared for painting.

2. Wipe the part with solvent such as PPG DX330 Wax and Grease Remover, Sherwin Williams R7K156 Solvent Cleaner, or DuPont 3919S Prep-Sol to remove grease and lubricants from the manufacturing process.
3. Scrub all surfaces of the part with mild detergent in hot water. Rinse well and wipe dry with a clean dry cloth.
4. Wipe the part again with solvent as in step 2 above. The surface must be absolutely clean before sanding to prevent the sanding process from spreading the contaminants or imbedding them into the surface.
5. Scuff sand all areas to be painted using progressively finer grit to about 240 grit paper. Do not try to completely remove or sand through the zinc plating, but the complete part must be thoroughly sanded for best paint adhesion. Use a "DA" sander for broad flat areas and hand sanding for areas that can't be reached with the power sander.
6. Wash and rinse away all sanding residue. Use compressed air to blow the rinse water out of all seams and dry the parts with a clean towel. If the rinse water beads up anywhere on the surface, it is not clean and the solvent wipe and water washing steps must be repeated and additional sanding may be required in that area.
7. Wipe with solvent such as PPG DX330, Sherwin Williams R7K158, or DuPont 3901S to remove any traces of contaminants or sanding residue. Wipe the surface dry with a clean cloth. Do not allow the solvent to evaporate dry on the surface. Wet it again if it should evaporate dry.
8. The parts should be ready for prime painting. PPG recommends a final wipe with a clean damp cloth to remove any residue left from evaporation of the solvent. A quick wipe with a tack rag right before priming helps remove any remaining dust.
9. Immediately after cleaning and drying the parts as above, apply the primer according to the manufacturer's instructions for the products you are using. The recommended drying time between coats is especially important.

Some other helpful hints for a successful paint job.

1. Be sure to use fresh paint products that are top quality from a reputable manufacturer. Do not try to economize by using inferior or leftover paint materials.
2. Select all the products for a paint job from a single manufacturer and do not mix different systems within a brand of paint. Use only products that are intended to be used together.
3. Do not use the same air hoses on your paint gun that are also used with air tools such as sanders and air wrenches. Oil in the air tools will find its way into the hose and be a source of contamination for the paint. New hoses contain oils and other contaminants and should be cleaned before use on a paint gun.
4. Wear clean latex or nitrile gloves to prevent fingerprint oils from contaminating the surfaces of your cleaned parts.
5. Plan to prime the parts immediately after cleaning and sanding to prevent any bare steel areas from developing surface rust or the parts from becoming contaminated again.
6. Obtain a technical data sheet for each product being used and read and follow the instructions. The manufacturer's data sheet will provide specific instructions that apply to the product being used. These are available on-line or from your paint supplier.

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